## 3rd Homework sheet Model Theory

- Deadline: 21 March 2016.
- Submit your solutions by handing them to the lecturer at the *beginning of the lecture at 14:00.*
- Good luck!

**Exercise 1** (100 points) We will call a formula  $\varphi$  positive, if it does not contain any negations  $\neg$  or implications  $\rightarrow$ ; in other words, if it can be obtained from atomic formulas using only  $\land, \lor, \exists$  and  $\forall$ . In addition, we will call a homomorphism  $f: M \to N$  of  $\mathcal{L}$ -structures positive, if

$$M \models \varphi(m_1, \dots, m_n) \Rightarrow N \models \varphi(f(m_1), \dots, f(m_n))$$

holds for all positive formulas  $\varphi(x_1, \ldots, x_n)$  and all  $m_1, \ldots, m_n \in M$ .

(a) (40 points) Let T be a consistent  $\mathcal{L}$ -theory and write

 $T_0 = \{\psi : \psi \text{ is a positive sentence and } T \models \psi\}.$ 

Prove that for any model A of  $T_0$  there is a diagram of  $\mathcal{L}$ -structures

$$A \xrightarrow{k} C^{B}$$

such that: (1) B is a model of T, (2) k is an elementary embedding, (3) l is a positive homomorphism, and (4) the image of k is contained in the image of l.

(b) (30 points) Let  $f: D \to A$  be a positive homomorphism of  $\mathcal{L}$ -structures. Prove that there exists a commuting square of  $\mathcal{L}$ -structures



in which the horizontal maps k and l are elementary embeddings, the vertical maps f and g are positive homomorphisms and the image of l is contained in the image of g.

(c) (30 points) Let T be a consistent  $\mathcal{L}$ -theory whose models are closed under surjective images: so if  $f: M \to N$  is a surjective homomorphism and M is a model of T, then so is N. Use parts (a) and (b) to prove that T can be axiomatised using positive sentences.